France.—The King of Portugal, accompanied by the Duke de Terceira, is expected in Paris about May 20. He will, in all probability, reside at the Tuilleries during his visit. The Duke of Saxe Coburg is coming on the 5th.

Paris, May 7.—The assassin Pianori is found guilty, and condemned to death as a parricide.

The Patrie publishes a "communicated" article, announcing that the government has not received the news from the Crimea published in the Patrie, Constitutionnel, and Pays, of the 6th and 7th of May; that the last dispatches received by the Minister of War are dated midnight, 6th of May; and that they simply contain details of military service.

military service.

The Moniteur contains the report of the commission appointed by the decree of August 5, 1854, to carry out as far as practicable the testamentary dispositions of Napoleon I. The report is presented by M. A. Fould, and concludes—
"Thus four-and-thirty years after the death of the Experience, his last wishes on behalf of his faithful servants and glorious companions in arms re-

The Emperor has granted a pension of 4,000f. a year to Madame Bizot, the widow of the General of Engineers, who received his death-wound

efore Sebastopol.

A letter from Lisbon announces that his royal ess the Infant Dona Anna de Jesus Maria, larquis de Soule, is coming to Paris to see the

Great Exhibition.

The Moniteur publishes the official notification of the appointment of Count Walewski as Minis-ter for Foreign Affairs, in the place of M. Drouyn de l'Huys, and that of Count de Persigny, as Am-

CONDITION OF THE ARMY .- General Canrobert in a letter addressed to the Emperor, dated April 28, thus expresses himself: "It is with pleasure that I announce to your Majesty that the English army, always so firm, has become as fine and healty as it was in the first days of its arrival in the East. It is receiving reinforcements in in-fantry, in cavalry, and in means of transport. I continue to live on the most cordial terms with Lord Raglan, and the two armies continue to be losely united, and rely one upon the other.'

PRESENT STRENGTH OF RUSSIA IN THE CRIMEA. The military correspondent of the Augsburg Gazette writes from the Pelish frontier that the reinforcements received by the Russian commanders in the west of the Crimea since the battle of Inkerman, bear no proportion to those which have joined the Allies. He says: "Numerically, have joined the Allies. He says: "Numerically, Omar Pacha's corps alone is almost equal to the entire reinforcements of the Russians. The new Russian troops which have entered the Crimea since the battle just mentioned, are the following: The 2d brigade of the 13th reserve infantry division, and the two brigades of the 14th reserve infantry division, forming together twelve battalions, or at most 9,000 men; further, the 9th infantry division at present near Perekon, and talions, or at most 9,000 men; further, the 9th infantry division, at present near Perekop, and numbering possibly 10,000 men. These and a Greek volunteer battalion make up the reinforcements of the Russian infantry since the battle of Inkerman, for the troops of the second infantry corps, represented by some journals as having marched to the Crimea, and the division of Gen. Wagner, said by the Austrian Military Gazette to be in the valley of Baidar, are not there; the be in the valley of Baidar, are not there; the second corps, in fact, is still in Poland. Before the battle of Inkerman the Russians had no more than 70,000 infantry in the Crimea; at the present moment they should have about 90,000. The cavalry force which has joined the Russian army since the battle of Inkermann, consists of six acres to the still of the same and the still of the same arms. of six regular regiments. If we reckon the crews of the ships at 8,000, and the Tchernom-orskischen battalions at 6,000; the rifles, sappers, engineers, and artillery at 15,000; and the alry, regular, and irregular, at 20,000—the Russian army at Perekop, Eupatoria, and near Se-

ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS .- NAPLES May 2 .-Exception of Vesuvius.—NAPLES May 2.— Everything in Naples is for the present extin-guished by one great fact—the eruption of Vesu-vius. King, ministers, and policemen, in their several spheres, are all scorched and shrivelled up into nothingness. I am disposed to think that a Neapolitan might now wear a girdle round his waist, or a beard, or a wide-awake, so all absorbing is the eruption of Vesuvius. We have been smoked, and in the beginning of the year a por-tion of the crater fell in. Great numbers of strangers have, therefore, waited till very late in the season, in the hope of seeing this extraordinary spectacle, and have just taken their leave when the mountain, as in "dispetto," breaks out. The principal guide, who is called Cozzillino, reported on the morning of the 1st of May that he had just ascended the mountain, and that on arriving at the summit there were a thousand reports as of cannon, and then was thrown up a discharge of red-hot stones. The rain, and mist, and smoke, however, all mingled together, pre-vented a near approach or nearer observation, and we are, therefore, for the present, left to our unaided observation. During the whole of yes-terday nothing was to be seen but smoke and clouds, which enveloped not only the mountain but the whole coast, and then swept away in immense volumes towards Capri. In the very cen-tre of the cloud, however, might be seen an ashy sulphurous colored plain, which, by a shade difference in the color and by the well marked outline. indicated that it was not all smoke, but that lava was coming down. As evening came on, the heavens were in a bright glow, and the whole population flocked down to the mole of Santa Lucia, to see the magnificent spectacle. It was one of those undefined scenes which give the one of those undefined scenes which give the imagination full play. The form of the mountain was indistinguishable, nothing was to be seen but clouds, smoke, and fire. Up to the very zenith the sky was covered with large bulbous allegiance to parties or politicians, it will advocate measures, not men, and will labor only for the covered with large bulbous. of it shot up a cone of black smoke. Still lower the reckless spirit of innovation so rife in the again, dark clouds covered the base of the mounagain, dark clouds covered the base of the moun-tain, having, too, as their centre piece and contrast the river of lava which is running down towards Resina. A few days since I was exploring with the miners, among the ruins which still lay buried under the modern city. The neighboring mountain was rumbling and smoking, and refer-ring the inhabitants, as it were, to the history of the past, but they took no notice of it, and I doubt whether they now do so, except to calculate the amount of profit it may bring in to them; for an eruption of Vesuvius is to them as good as a fire to the London thieves. During the whole of last night there was a perfect procession of carriages towards Resina. The scene was rendered still grander by an eclipse of the moon, which took place about two hours and a half after midnight.

An Adventure with Lions in India. On the evening of the 14th of March two large liens were shot in the immediate vicinity of the cantonments at Deesa. At about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, some natives brought intelligence that two strange animals had been near Old Deesa, and that none of the people knew what kind of quadrupeds they were. They were, however declared to be neither cheetahs or tigers. Captain Wyville, of Her Majesty's 83d Regiment a dead shot—immediately started in pursuit, ac-companied by three or four natives. On reaching the place pointed out, the captain found, to his astonishment, a full-grown lion and lioness. He, however, lost not a moment, but taking a cool and deliberate aim, lodging a leaden ball in the carcase of the "monarch of the forest," which the carcase of the "monarch of the forest," which brought him at once to the ground stone-dead. The lady, not be g accustomed to such scenes, immediately dashed off, with her new acquaintance, Captain Wyville, in full pursuit. On rounding a point, in hopes of turning her flank, our gallant Nimrod found himself, at once, almost on the top of the infuriated beast. He had only time to jump from his horse before she was over his back, and had fastened upon one of the beaters. The poor fellow's peril now became imminent; but his two companions, with courageous hearts, came up to his rescue, and attacked the brute with their swords.

The spectacle now became awful, and inevi-table death would have overtaken one or more of the brave beaters, had not Captain Wyville raised his rifle and shot the lioness through the head. The skill and dexterity of the shot was enhanced by the fact, that the deviation of a hair's breadth of New York avenue and Ninth stre from the true aim, would most likely have carried

the ball to the heart of one of his undaunted companions. Captain Wyville, however, seems to possess the eye of the eagle and nerves of iron. For courage and coolnes the adventure has never been surpassed; and rarely, if ever, equalled. One of the beaters has sustained considerable damage, the points of three of his fingers having been accidently struck off by the sword of one of his companions; he is doing well, and is being carefully attended to. The animals were brought into camp, and skinned this morning. Captain Wyville, with a generosity corresponding with his bravery, has ordered the sum of 109 rupees to the ball to the heart of one of his undaunted com-Wyville, with a generosity corresponding his bravery, has ordered the sum of 109 rup his bravery, has ordered the sum of 109 rupees to be distributed among the brave fellows who ac-companied him in his expedition.—Bembay Tele-

Dinner of the Royal Academy-Speech of the American Minister, Mr. Buchaman. The annual dinner of the Royal Academy took place in London, on the 5th instant. A toast complimentary to the Foreign Ministers having been given:

Mr. Buchanan, United States Minister, said: After what fell from my noble friend (Lord Palmerston) on a former occasion, who said I had no right to call myself a foreign Minister at all, [a laugh,] I am inclined to think I have no right to address you; but, although I might plead this privilege, I am not disposed to do it on this occasion. The Foreign Ministers who represent the chapel of the Invalides.

It is said that Abdel-Kader has requested permission to visit Paris during the Exhibition, and that it has been granted.

The Emperor has granted a pension of 4,000f.

The Emperor has granted a pension of 4,000f. Mr. BUCHANAN, United States Minister, said

all, and it is a natural and necessary consequence that this should produce feelings of response, not only on our own part, but also on the part of the countries we represent. [Cheers.] We feel it to be a great privilege to be present on occasions of this kind. The arts have been brought to great prefection in this countries we represent our occasions of the countries of the co perfection in this country, and when we review the pages of history, we find one thing to be constantly the fact—that civilization, and, above all, liberty, are the best foster-mothers of the arts.

Painting and sculpture sprang into existence almost at once, like Minerva from the head of Jupiter, when Greece became free, and I believe it may be said to be a remarkable fact, that they sprang almost at once to a point of excellence which has not since been excelled in any country in the world. For my own part, not having had an opportunity in ray own country of seeing expensive galleries, or many specimens of the per-fection to which the arts have been brought in this country, everything wears an air of novelty in this exhibition that has inspired me with de-light, and I shall remember the present evening, when I return to my native land, as one of the most agreeable and instructive of my life. [Cheers.] most agreeable and instructive of my life. [Cheers.]
But although the taste and imagination may be gratified by the specimens of art here collected, I cannot help admiring that noble institution of England—an English dinner. [Cheers and laughter.] I have enjoyed the privilege of feasting with you, and, after enjoying the feast of reason and the flow of soul, in surveying the pictures hung upon these walls, I have been highly delighted to enjoy a more material feast of this sort. I return you the thanks of my colleague and myself, and I am sure, I may also

thank you, in the name of every member of the diplomatic corps. [Cheers]
Viscount Palmerston remarked: before I proceed to return thanks on behalf of my colleagues and myself for the toast which the President has been so good as to propose, I may be permitted in parliamentary language "to rise in explana-tion." My distinguished friend the Minister for the United States has been pleased to say that, on a recent occasion, I denied him the character of

Foreign Minister.

To a certain extent, that is true, for a dinner at which it was my duty to propose the health of the foreign ministers, where my distinguished friend was the only foreign minister present, I said I could hardly recognize him as a foreigner, although he was not altogether an Englishman, for I can never allow that the representatives of a nation are foreigners whose language, sympahies, affection, and interests are so closely iden tical with our own. [Cheers.] Mr. President in behalf of my colleagues, I have now to return

PROSPECTUS.—SOUTHERN CONSER-vative Magazine.—When new aspirants for popular favor are announced, the public have a right to demand the grounds upon which such show of title to their patronage is made. In acknowledgment of this, we trace the customs of parties in the avowal of principles; of religious sects, in the promulgation of creeds; and of persons in all pursuits of life, dependent upon the sons in all pursuits of life, dependent upon the public for success, in their preparatory expositions of plans and purposes. The customs thus origin wells at Resina had been dried up. More than once since 1850 the mountain has thundered and proper, and should not be discarded. And when, in obedience to custom, new plans are proposed, those approving ought not to withhold their encouragement, as too many do, until they see that success is sure, for their aid may be needed to secure it. Such a foolish policy as this jeopar-dizes the plan they approve, and hastens its failure; it has defeated many important enterprizes, and has deprived the country of good and useful works. If a new proposition of any kind is approved by the public, the support of those approving is of right expected, their approval being solicited only in the view that their more substantial aid will not be withheld. BRIEF OUTLINE OF THE PLAN OF THE

PROPOSED PERIODICAL. THE SOUTHERN CONSERVATIVE MAGAZINE WILL occupy grounds but little cultivated by American magazinists. It is believed that a field is open for a periodical of a new and, in some respects, a higher order than has been nimed at in our magazine literature. In this belief, and with such an aim, we announce the Southern Conservative

Magazine. The new magazine will be national and not sectional; claiming no merit by virtue of its es-tablishment in the South, but aiming at a higher usefulness and a more general acceptubility.

It will be Protestant, but not sectarian; opposing religious bigotry or intollerance on the one side and infidelity on the other-laboring in its teach

press; to reform and improve, not to destroy sacredly adhering to the true intent of our great republican theory, and laboring to advance it to its fullest development. It will be truly American in tone and sentiment

t will repudiate nothing foreign, merely because so; believing that the good, the useful, and true ong not, par excellence, to any favored people but are the common right of all.

It will be the organ of pure conservatism. It will encourage a high-toned literature, and lefend pure morals in all the social relations of

And it will number in its corps of regular con-tributors some of the ablest political and literary writers of the country.

The magazine will be pristed on the finest uality of paper, with new type, and in a plain

but superior siyle.

Each number will contain not less than 50 large octavo pages, made up of original articles, contributed and editorial—reviews, political and scientific essays, romances, poetry, &c. ...We promise much for the new magnzine, and we intend to perform it all, and more, if the reading public will give the enterprise a liberal en-

couragement. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The Southern Conservative Magazine will be saued, the first of each month, from the office of publication, Nashville or Knoxville, Tennessee, and will be furnished to suscribers at four dollars a year, or three dollars if paid punctually in advance. Publication will be commenced the 1st day of January, 1856. Address orders to the editor and proprietor.

W T. HELMS, Knoxville, Tennessee.

6 THE BLUE BOOK"-Official Register of the United States, giving the names of all Officeholders under the Government, with their Salaries, Location, and time of appoint

ment. A few copies of the last edition still for sale in Washington by TAYLOR & MAURY, Booksellers, near Ninth street. Price \$3 50. Sent, postage free, to any part of the United States excepting the Pacific coast.

FOR RENT-Two large size furnished Rooms-Chamber and Parlor-at the corner of New York avenue and Ninth street, No. 367

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC. Seven Days Later from Europe

The United States mail steamer Pacific arrived at New York yesterday, with Liverpool dates of the 17th of May. She brings 135 passengers; them of the causes which disturb the discharge among whom is Hon. R. M. McLean, United of trust which has been confided to them. States Commissioner to China.

From the Crimea. The latest dates from Sebastopol by mail are of

Fifteen thousand Turks, French, and English, troops hastily embarked on board all the available ships near Sebastopol, and stood out in the direction of the sea of Azof, but they returned in a day or two, and hastily re-embarked. A combat occurred on the night of the 24th

between the Russians and French, which proyed to be a desperate affair. The Russians attempted to dig new rifle pits, but the French partially prevented them, and 200 French soldiers were placed hors du combat.

A dispatch of May 1st says, that the advances were approaching surely, though slowly. There was every appearance of the establishment of a very large camp on the plateau above

Belbec, on the north side. The Russians made a sortie on the night of the 11th, but the advanced works of the left attacked immediately repulsed them with considerable loss. Gortschakoff telegraphs that on the 5th and 6th, the Allies were occupied in augmenting their batteries, and reinforcing their approaches against the central bastion.

The French government is understood to have received dispatches concerning heavy rains; reporting that the trenches were full of water; and the operations were suspended.

Latest from the Crimea. Heavy firing every night before Sebastopol. The expedition to Kertsch has not been renewed. Three divisions have left Maslak for the Crimea.

The cholera has almost entirely disappeared. Berlin, Friday, 8th .- A Russian merchantman has been captured off Dunamunde. At Renal, a flag of truce is flying. The cause

A dispach from Canrobert of May 16, says: "We continue our works before the place. Various attempts have been made to smoke out the enemy by camonflots, or stinkpots, and with perfect

VIENNA, Friday evening,-Things have undergone no change.

Political Relations. Count Coronini, the Austrian commander-inchief, has proclaimed martial law in the Principalities. A new manifesto of the Czar orders another levy of twelve men in every thousand, in the seventeen western provinces, to be completed by the end of July.

Indications are increasing of a more intimate relationship between Austria and Russia; and it is apparent that an armed neutrality is becoming more and more probable. An important conferhas been held.

Sweden is said to have ordered an immediate enrolment of militia.

The French Baltic squadron has areived out, and the Allied fleet were pushing forward for the upper Baltic.

In the English Parliament Lord John Russell said that is was impracticable, at the present time, to obtain more than 3,000 or 4,000 recruits for the foreign legion by the British agents on the Continent, independent of some 3,000 Swiss. Administrative reform meetings have been held in Norwich and other places. The Mayors of London and Liverpool have refused to accede to

gotiating a marriage with Victoria's eldest

FRANCE.

The universal exhibition opened on the 18th. The Emperor and Empress were present, all the great officers of State, and about 8,000 persons. The Emperor delivered an appropriate speech.

Pianori, who made an attempt at the Emperor's life, was executed at 5 o'clock in the morning. He refused to make any developments, and exclaimed Vive la Republic as the knife fell.

It is said that the Emperor is about to issue a manifesto to the army of the East, stating his reasons for not proceeding to the seat of war. The Paris papers assume a tone of outspoken

hostility to Austria. EAST INDIES.

A treaty has been signed between Dost Mohamed and the British of perpetual peace. There are rumors of preparations on the part of the King of Ava against the British.

SPAIN. MADRID, May 11 .- The nomination of a succes-

RAEFLE AT TAYLOR & MAURY'S.—
The list being nearly complete for the drawing of the water color paintings, the subscribers are informed that the raffle will take place on Saturday evening next at So'clock. Those who secure chances will have to do so im-

TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, near 9th st.

TEW EDITION OF DICKENS'S COMplete Works.—The complete Works of Charles Dickens, in five volumes; price \$7 50. The Missing Bride, or Miriam the Avenger, by Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth; paper \$1.

bound \$1 25.

The Pickwick Papers complete, 50 cents. Just published, and for sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, near 7th st.

MRS. E. E. ALEXANDER can accommodate a few Gentlemen with Board; or a Lady and Gentleman, on I street, between 6th and 7th, No. 502. The House is situated a short distance from the Patent Office and other Depart-

SITUATION WANTED .-- By a young Frenchman, who comes well recom a waiter in a hotel or family, or Valet de Cham re. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT, OR SALE—The Modern Four-story BRICK HOUSE on Thirteenth street, near E, east side. The house is in good repair-dry cellars; and to a good tenant the rent will be low. Possession given November 1st.

JAS. C. McGUIRE. Auctioneer.

ONGWORTH'S Native Wines and Bran. dies. I have just received, and keep constantly on hand, Sparkling and Dry Catawba, the Sweet Isabella Wires, and Catawba Brandy. These Wines are made from the pure juice of the grape, and pronounced to be the most wholesome

Local and Personal.

Washington National Monument Society .-The board of managers have just published an address to the members of the society, informing

They show, among other things, that the elec tion of Know-nothing officers on the twentysecond of February last was not in accordance the 30th April, and by telegraph of the 12th of with the constitution, and was without the ex-May. General Canrobert had reviewed the en- cuse of any notice authorized by the board of tire French army, and assured them that they managers, and say "there is conclusive evidence would soon enter Sebastopol, either by door or that the plan of the election was 'silently yet solemly resolved' and framed in the secret lodges of a sect styling itself at one time the 'Knownothing' party, at another the 'American' party, and that its object was to transfer the entire and exclusive management of the monument into its citizens from all participation in the trust." Of such a revolution in the principles and conduct of the society the old board say they "could not consent to the instruments or the agents, as they would have made themselves by a voluntary sur render of their trust to illegal successors."

The managers say, in the conclusion of their

"From a trust which has been so long, toil some, gratuitous, and often inconvenient, they are willing to be relieved. But they are not willing to desert it. The acceptance of that trust was a pledge on their part to be faithful to it; and this pledge would be broken by a voluntary surrender piedge would be broken by a voluntary surrender of their authority to persons whom they believe to be usurpers. Few imaginable circumstances could justify such a submission. In the present case it would be left wi hout excuse by the proclaimed hostility of the usurpers to the principles on which the trust was created and has hitherto been administered. Their rejection of the process for an amicable suit obligad, this beart to posal for an amicable suit obliged this board to seek other means for obtaining a judicial decision of the controversy. By that decision, when given this board will cheerfully abide."

Thanks.-It will be recollected that, several months ago, the Board of Aldermen passed a resoution, in effect, thanking the President of the United States, members of Congress, and others specially designated, for the evidences of friendship exhibited by them in advancing the interests of the city of Washington; liberal appropriations of money having been made for the continuation of the Washington aqueduct, and, beside, works in which we all have a common interest. This resolution was sent to the Board of Common Council, for their concurrence, when the President of the United States was attacked in coarse terms, and where the proposition failed. But, on Monday last, the Board of Aldermen unanimously passed a resolution similar in its terms, and, with out again asking the concurrence of the other Board, (by whom they had been so shabbily treated,) a committee, consisting of Messrs. Hill, Magruder, and Houston, was appointed, to wait on the President and inform him of the passage of the resolution, which duty they will doubtless perform in a spirit of courtesy similar to that which prompted their action in the premises.

Much Consternation was produced at the railroad station recently. A hackdriver, taking an elderly woman from his vehicle, and carrying her in his arms through the crowd-she hitting him in ence between the representatives of these powers | the face and scratching, and uttering piteous cries meanwhile-naturally excited an intense curiosity to ascertain the cause and object of the proceed ing. He, after a desperate effort and the expenditure of much physical strength, succeeded in placing her in a close and private apartment in one of the cars, where friends kept her in custody. The hundred or more persons who were attracted to the scene did not separate until they were informed that the poor woman was a lunatic, and that she was to be conveyed to Mount Hope for such treatment as is required for her unfortunate

We could learn none of the particulars; but the case, as presented, was one which excited the sympathy of all beholders, and this was expressed by words not more sincere than in the countenances of those who witnessed the mournful proceedings.

Anti-Knowthing Election Arrangements. -At a meeting of the anti-Know-nothings, or Union men, held at Harmony Half, on Tuesday nightthe number in attendance large, and much enthusiasm prevailing—the following preamble and resolution were adopted:

Whereas, the Know-nothing councils of this city having elected for some of the wards, boards of election commissioners, all of whom are members of an oath-bound secret political association, refusing to those opposed to them the right and courtesy of a representation in those boards, which was never before done in this community. And whereas, the Know-nothing lower council aforesaid have refused to pass a resolution requesting the said election boards to permit one or two un official persons of both parties to remain in the room while they may be canvassing the ballots. which privilege has always heretofore been con-ceded in in every ward of Washington: Be it

therefore—

Resolved, by this meeting of the Anti-Knownothing party of this city, That all who vote for
the Anti-Know-nothing candidates in the municipal election on Monday next be requested to
show the tickets they vote, and give their names
to be recorded by the Anti-Know-nothing talesmen, to be stationed at each poll in this city; this sor to Cueto, Minister to the United States, has been deferred until after the arrival of the next Washington against the possible perpetration

The City Councils .- On Monday night the City Councils, after transacting the business before them, severally adjourned, sine die, with the usual formalities. The members, to make use of a familiar quotation, have now "returned to the bosom of their constituents," some of them never | and in one operation clinches the Eyelet on both to be heard of again in connection with municipal legislation.

Of the thirty-five members composing the two Boards, all of them, with, perhaps, about six exceptions, were Know-nothings. As to what shall be the political complexion of the next City Councils is for the people, next Monday, to determine. Both parties have now made their nominations, and the candidates are fairly in the field. That there will be an exciting contest, no one doubts but we fervently hope that it will be conducted in such a manner that will entail not the least dis-grace upon the character of the metropolis. Heretofore, our elections have generally characterized by good order; and thus may it ever be. Though men may differ in opinion, they are alike interested in the peace and good name of the community.

Reduction of Taxation .-- Among the last acts of the late city councils was the passage of a bill making the general assessment of property, real and personal. Formerly the tax was seventyfive cents in the hundred dollars; last year it was reduced to seventy, and, by the recent act, to sixty cents in the hundred dollars. The collector's fees have been reduced from three to two per cent.

The reduced taxation will afford a sufficient revenue for carrying on the affairs of the corporation, provided economy and good judgment be observed in the expenditures.

Accident .- Mr. Horatio Appleby, employed in the blacksmith shop connected with the Capitol extension works, was, yesterday morning, struck on the head by the lever of the steam hammer beverage in use.

B. JOST, Agent.
Also, Importer and Dealer in all kinds of Wines,
Liquors and Cigars, 181 Pennsylvania Avenue.
Jan. 30—2aw3m*

which got out of gear by the falling or flying off
of a key. He was jarred considerably and
wounded in the eye; but not dangerously injured.

CLOTHING Made to Order Cheaper than

Ever.—In order to run off the remainder of our large stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, and VestTwo were for improvements in making paper ings we will, at this season, take measure and make to order, Gentlemen's Garments of first quality twenty per cent cheaper than our usual low prices.

WALL & STEPHENS,

Two were for improvements in making paper bags, one for a pin-sticking machine, and another for an improvement in pill-making machines!

These are among the less important mechanical These are among the less important mechanical 322 Pa. av., next to Iron Hall. | contrivances.

CHARLES KINGSLEY'S NEW WORK. The Voyages and Adventures of Sir Amgas Leigh, Knight of Burrough, in the county of Devon, in the reign of her most glorious Majesty Queen Elizabeth, rendered into modern English, by Charles Kingsley, author of "Hypotin," "Atoa.

A Treatise on Punctuation, designed for letter writers, authors, printers, and correctors of the press, and for the use of schools and academies, with an Appendix, con lining Rules on the use of Capitals, a List of Abreviations, Hints on the Preparation of Copy and on Proof Reading, Specimens of Proof Sheets, &c., by John Wilson; price

Hewitt's Boy's Adventures in the Wilds of Aus tralia.
An Essay on the Tides: Theory of the Two Forces, by Alexander Wilcox, M. D.
Patent Office and Patent Laws, or a guide to inventors, and a book of reference for judges, law-

yers, magistrates, and others, with Appendices, by J. G. Moore, price \$1 25.

The Altar at Home, Prayers for the Family and the Closet, by Clergymen in and near Boston. second edition.
Just published, and for sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, near 9th street.

BOUNTY LAND, Under the Act of Congress, March 3d, 1855. HAVING prepared a supply of blank forms sui-table for every description of applications for land warrants, the subscriber is prepared to furnish

land warrants, the subscriber is prepared to furnish claimants, per mail, or otherwise, with the necessary forms (and instructions as to the required evidence) for obtaining bounty land warrants granted under the "act of Congress, March 3d, 1805." All persons having served in any capacity in the army or navy while engaged in any of the wars of this country, (if dead, their widows or minor children,) are entitled to 160 acres of land, or the proportion, if they have received less than that amount under any previous act.

Claims of all descriptions prosecuted before any of the Departments of the General Government.

Agents at a distance will find it greatly to their advantage to correspond with the undersigned.

E. WAITE,

Mar 18. 382 Eighth Street, Washington. signed.
Mar 18. 382 Eighth Street, Washington.

INTERESTING NEWS .-- We have just received a large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for ladies', misses', and children's wear, which we offer very low.

Ladies' Gaiters from \$1 to \$3.

Misses' Boots of every kind, in proportion.
Of Children's Shoes we have every color and

style, from 25 cents up.

The inquiry generally is, Where can we find a good assortment of shoes for children? We can answer all such querists to their satisfaction they give us a call.

We would also state that we are prepared manufacture every style of boot or shoes usually

worn by gentlemen, ladies, misses, or children.

Also on hand, every description of boots and shoes, which will be sold very low.

Call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell. S. C. MILLS & CO., No. 486 Seventh st.

TO LATED TEA SETS .- I have just re-Piated Ware that I offer at manufacturer's prices also, a large assortment of Spectacles, of every description; together with a good assortment of pure Silver Ware, of my own manufacture, which

I will retail at wholesale prices
H. O. HOOD,
418 Penn. avenue, bet. 41 and 6th sts.,
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fare allowed are as follows:

hour..... 182 RIGHTS OF PERSONS HIRING HACKS.-When nore than two persons are in a back the driver is

senger, provided the occupant will pay him the fare of three persons.

Hackmen are allowed to receive a greater com

SENGERS.—Hackmen are required by law to carry all passengers rendering them the legal fare, unless previously engaged for the time necessary to trans-port passengers offering him the fare, under a penalty of five dellars.

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If it should appear that the plea of a previous engagement was a false one, or that the informa-tion of the name and residence of the person given

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PENALTY FOR DEMANDING ILLEGAL FARE.—The

curs a penalty of five dollars.

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Perfection of Christ."

Others arriving.

Ohio railroad, who shall apply to a man of the use of his vehicle and be refused, or who shall the use of his vehicle and refused and required to payover and above the beat who shall the use of his vehicle and

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Strangers reaching the depot from steamboat, or other places from whom illegal fare is demanded will apply to the police officer in attendance, whose duty it is to ascertain whether the fare demanded be illegal, and if so, to prosecute the offending backman. depot to execute the law in this respect he knows

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Nov. 30—codim Junion and Star.]

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